

TRINITY COLLEGE FOR WOMEN NAMAKKAL Department of Computer Science

LINUX AND SHELL PROGRAMMING 21UCS09-**ODD Semester**

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SHELL

An Operating is made of many components, but its two prime components are -

- Kernel (A Kernel is at the nucleus of a computer. It makes the communication between the hardware and software possible. It is the innermost part of an operating system, while a shell is the outermost one.')
- Shell (Shell is a program which interprets user commands through CLI(Command Line Interpreter) like Terminal.)



SHELL SCRIPTING

SHELL SCRIPTING: is writing a series of commands for the shell to execute.

Following steps used to create a shell script-Create a file using a vi editor (or any other editor). Name script file with extension .sh Start the script with #! /bin/sh Write some code. Save the script file as filename.sh For executing the script type bash filename.sh we'll just write a script which says "Welcome Unix".

Create a file (test.sh) as follows: test.sh
#!/bin/sh
This is a comment! echo Welcome Unix # This is a comment, too!

"#!" is an operator called **shebang** which directs the script to the interpreter location.

 use"#! /bin/sh" the script gets directed to the bourne-shell.
 Let's create a small script -#!/bin/sh ls



Explanation :

- The first line tells Unix that the file is to be executed by /bin/sh.
- This is the standard location of the Bourne shell on just about every Unix system.
 - The second line begins with a special symbol: #.
 - This marks the line as a comment, and it is ignored completely by the shell.
 - The third line runs a command: echo, with two parameters, or arguments the first is "welcome"; the second is "Unix".

Note: echo will automatically put a single space between its parameters. now run chmod 755 test.sh to make the text file executable, and run ./test.sh. Your screen should then look like this: \$ chmod 755 test.sh \$./test.sh welcome unix \$

OR You could even just run like this : \$ echo Hello World Hello World \$

Points To Remember

- Kernel is the nucleus of the operating systems, and it communicates between hardware and software.
- Shell is a program which interprets user commands through CLI(Command Line Interpreter) like Terminal.
- The Bourne shell and the C shell are the most used shells in Unix/Linux.
- Shell scripting is writing a series of command for the shell to execute.
- Shell variables store the value of a string or a number for the shell to read.

SHELL FUNCTIONS (CORE)

Built-in commands, Scripts, Redirection Wildcards, Pipes, Subshells Background processing Command substitution Variables (Local & Environment) Sequences (Conditional & **Unconditional**)

SELECTING A SHELL

1. Password is required to change shell

2. Utility: use chsh & input password

Bunrne --- /bin/sh C --- /bin/csh Korn --- /bin/ksh (not avl. Here) Bash --- /bin/bash (Default for most of the Linux)

THANK YOU

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